## Effect of Olive Oil Mill Waste Waters on Lentinus edodes (Berk.) Sing. Growth and Lignin Degrading Enzymes

Slaven Zjalic,<sup>1</sup> Anna Adele Fabbri,<sup>1</sup> Alessandra Ricelli,<sup>1</sup> Massimo Reverberi,<sup>1</sup> Emanuela Galli,<sup>2</sup> and Corrado Fanelli<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Dipartimento Biologia Vegetale, Università di Roma La Sapienza, L.go Cristina di Svezia 24-00165 Roma, Italy, and <sup>2</sup>Istituto di Biologia ed Ecofisiologia Vegetale-Area di Ricerca di Roma del CNR, via Salaria km.29.300, 00016 Monterotondo-Roma, Italy

Olive oil mill waste waters (OMWs) are byproducts of olive oil industries and represent a pollution problem in all Mediterranean countries, being rich in phenols and other organic matter. Among other compounds, OMWs contain small amounts of lipids (about 2% dry weight), mostly represented by oleic and palmitic acids, which could stimulate fungal growth. In this article the effect of OMWs on Lentinus edodes (Berk.) Sing. growth and laccase and Mn-peroxidase extracellular enzyme production on liquid and solid culture media were tested. In the experiments in liquid media 5 ml of a suspension of homogenized L. edodes mycelia were inoculated in 50 ml of OMWs and incubated at 25°C; in solid media, wheat straw was supplemented with OMWs or water, inoculated with L. edodes spawn, and incubated at 25°C. The activity of laccase and Mn-

peroxidase were monitored on raw fungal culture filtrates and on raw extracts from solid-state cultures

The results showed that OMWs are efficient tin enhancing fungal growth without interfering with ligninolytic enzymes production and lignin breakdown. The high OMW concentration (50% v/v) on wheat straw stimulated mycelial growth and resulted in slight inhibition of fruiting body formation while the lower concentration (25% v/v) enhanced both mycelial growth and fruiting body formation. From the results obtained OMWs could represent a good nutritional source to improve fungal development, and their utilization in mushroom production could be an efficient strategy to solve the pollution problem related to OMW.